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13 MAR 2025. HIGH FLYERS - ENTREVISTA CON FRANCINA FERNÁNDEZ «LA PEQUEÑA FRANCINA NO SE CREERÍA TODO LO QUE ESTÁ PASANDO AHORA EN MI VIDA.» VANS BIGGER

Fotos de Ben Gea y Raisa Abal B - Entrevista de Linda Grabner

Continuando nuestra serie High Flyers con Vans Europe, en esta ocasión nos centramos en su última incorporación al equipo, Francina Fernández, de Colombia a España. Han sido unos años alucinantes para Franci, ganando reconocimiento con empresas como Vans Europe, Cult y riders por igual; su hambre de progreso y de vida es contagiosa. La interrogamos sobre todo, desde la añoranza de la comida casera hasta el barspinning Macba y mucho más. Conócenos... https://shop.digbmx.com/collections/all-clothing Francina 01 RGB Raisa Abal Antes que nada, ¡felicidades por unirte a Vans Europa y por tu video de «High Flyers»! Como alguien que ya formó parte del programa Vans Tribes, ¿qué se siente al continuar tu trayectoria de esta manera?

Es un sueño. Me encanta formar parte de una de las mejores compañías del mundo, con un equipo increíble. La pequeña Francina no se creería todo lo que está pasando en mi vida. Agradezco mucho el enorme apoyo que Vans brinda a su gente, y creo que esto me motiva a seguir en el BMX, dando lo mejor de mí y de la escena.

¿Cuál es tu recuerdo favorito del rodaje de tu video de «High Flyers»? Jaja, sin duda, el barspin en las escaleras del MACBA. Cuando lo pienso, me da un vuelco, jaja. Hace mucho tiempo que pensaba en hacer este truco allí. Mis amigos estaban ahí dándome todo el apoyo... y creo que eso es esencial. Creo plenamente en mí mismo, pero me hicieron sentir súper seguro. Lo único que pasaba por mi cabeza era «tú puedes» muchas veces. Al primer intento me caí, pero no podía irme sin él y lo intenté de nuevo. Tenía mucho miedo, pero me repetía a mí mismo: «Siéntete seguro de que puedes hacerlo, va a suceder :)». Estaba muy agradecido por la energía de todos. Francicheck 1 de 1 2 Alexarnaudfranci 1 de 1 2 Tu vídeo se grabó en Barcelona. En tu opinión, ¿cuál es el mejor vídeo de todos los tiempos que se ha grabado allí? Me gustan

13 MAR 2025. HIGH FLYERS - AN INTERVIEW WITH FRANCINA FERNANDEZ «LITTLE FRANCINA WOULD NOT BELIEVE EVERYTHING THAT IS HAPPE-NING NOW IN MY LIFE.» VANS BIGGER

Photos by Ben Gea & Raisa Abal B – Interview by Linda Grabner Continuing our High Flyers series with Vans Europe, this time around we hone in on their latest addition to the team, with Colombia to Spain transplant, Francina Fernandez. It's been a wild few years for Franci, gaining recognition with companies like Vans Europe, Cult and riders alike - her hunger for progression and life is infectious. We quizzed her on everything from missing home food, to barspinning Macba and a whole lot in-between. Get acquainted...

https://shop.digbmx.com/collections/all-clothing Francina 01 RGB Raisa Abal

First of all congrats for getting on Vans Europe and for your 'High Flyers' video part! As someone who has been already been part of the Vans Tribes program, how does it feel to continue now your journey like this? This feels like a dream. I loving being a part of one of the best companies in the entire world, with an incredible team too. Little Francina would not believe everything that is happening now in my life. I really appreciate the huge support Vans give to their people, and I believe this motivates to me to continue in BMX, giving my best for me and for the scene.

What is your favorite memory from the filming process of your 'High Flyers' part? Haha, definitely barspin in the MACBA stairs. When I think about it I get 'chicken skin' haha. I was thinking about doing this trick there long long time ago. My friends were there giving to me all the support... and I feel that's essential. I believe completely in myself but they made me feel super safe. The only thing in my head was "tu puedes" (you can) many times. First try I fell, but I couldn't leave without it and went for it again. I was super scared but I was repeating to myself "feel sure that you can do it, it's gonna happen :)". I was so grateful for everybody's energy. Francicheck 1 sur 12 Alexarnaudfranci 1 sur 1 2 Your video was filmed in Barcelona. In your opinion what's the best video of all time that has been filmed there? I really like Federal BCN 2013 and Nike Batalla BCN. Legends! Which spots or skateparks are your favorite to ride in Barcelona on a daily basis?

Well, around Barcelona San Joan Despi skatepark is a good one, but I prefer go to street sesh and Barcelona contains an infinity of spots. The entirity of BCN is a street park so with something literally around every corner, you're going to have a mix of technical and perfect spots.

Which type of music do you like to listen to to get you hyped for riding? I have many preferences haha. Hard techno, post punk, hip hop,

80's rock, old BMX video music, haha. You grew up in Columbia and live now in Barcelona. How was it growing up there and what do you miss most about it? Yep, I grew up in Colombia and I'm always gonna say it's a privilege - warm and humble people, a place with a lot of diversity and biodiversity - but also we have the other side as it's a place with a lot of social inequality. For many people to have a good quality life they need to looking for opportunities outside... but with the hope of coming back and doing something better for our country. I really miss my family, my crazy friends, the trips there to the most amazing nature places i've ever seen. I miss the skateparks too but I mostly miss is the food haha. Francituck 1 sur 12 «...WE ARE ALL CREATING MORE SPACES, MORE CONSCIOUSNESS, MORE ACTIVISM, MORE COMMUNITY AND GIVING TO BMX OUR ESSENTIAL FEMALE ENERGY» RELATED VIDEO HIGH FLYERS.// FRANCINA FERNANDEZ The third instalment in the series - More Info CLICHE JAM 106 How do you feel about the development of women's street riding over the last 3 years?

Wow! Definitely huge. the BMX fem street scene has been growing so fast over the last 3 years and I'm not surprised cause the level that you can find in the girls around the world is incredible and unbelievable... it's insane! I'm happy that we all support each other, even on the other side of the world... we are all creating more spaces, more consciousness, more activism, more community and giving to BMX our essential female energy. We are in the correct path working every day to continue generating equality and equity. You've done some great artwork for Cliché and also for the Girlhood article in the recent #2024 issue of Dig Magazine. When did you pick up drawing? Thanks, well I've always liked to draw but I never did it regularly. But since I've been injured couple times the past year, I had a lot more free time, so I started to illustrate and now I'm learning seriously. I want to do something with it cause I enjoy it so much and it's never is too late to learn :). Francinabar 1 sur 1 2 Franci bar 1 sur 1 2 CLICHE JAM 305 2 CLICHE JAM 265 2 What's the best place to go for food in Barcelona? That's a difficult one haha but my preferences are "Más que sushi" that's Japanese food and "Honest Greens" gourmet and healthy food. I could live there every day haha but there are thousand of other good spots to eat around Barcelona too. What do you have planned for the rest of the year? Excited for something specific? Now first I have to work to recover properly whilst planing amazing stuff with The Cliché Crew. I'll have some trips scheduled to jams and competitions and then let's see what else bring the year in that way. I'm so excited about the Jewels BMX community and we have some projects coming. Also i'm working hard on something super special with Vans Global which you're gonna see pretty soon. I'm so happy and motivated for this year. Thank you for this opportunity!

India vs. Pakistan Is Also U.S. vs. China When It Comes to Arms Sales Increasing Western military support to India, and China's to Pakistan, signals a shift in global alignments — and another potential flashpoint for international tensions.

May 7, 2025, 2:05 a.m. ET

A dozen or so soldiers in combat fatigues, many holding weapons, mill about on a small street that is packed with military vehicles, one of them that appears to be an armored one. Indian security forces in Wuyan, on the Indian-controlled side of Kashmir, on Wednesday. India has sharply reduced purchases of low-cost arms from Russia, its Cold War-era ally-Tauseef Mustafa/Agence France-Presse - Getty Images The last time India and Pakistan faced off in a military confrontation, in 2019, U.S. officials detected enough movement in the nuclear arsenals of both nations to be alarmed. Secretary of State Mike Pompeo was awakened in the middle of the night. He worked the phone "to convince each side that the other was not preparing for nuclear war," he wrote in his memoir. That clash quickly cooled after initial skirmishing. But six years later, the two South Asian rivals are again engaged in military conflict after a deadly terrorist attack against tourists in Indian-controlled Kashmir. And this time there is a new element of uncertainty as the region's most important military alliances have been redrawn. Changing patterns in the flow of arms illustrate the new alignments in this particularly volatile corner of Asia, where three nuclear powers - India, Pakistan and China - stand in uneasy proximity. Where India and Pakistan get their arms, Russia used to be India's main arms supplier but India now buys more from Western allies. Pakistan now buys most of its arms from China and much less from Western

countries. India, a traditionally nonaligned country that has shed its history of hesitance toward the United States, has been buying billions of dollars in equipment from the United States and other Western suppliers. At the same time, India has sharply reduced purchases of low-cost arms from Russia, its Cold War-era ally. Pakistan, whose relevance to the United States has waned since the end of the war in Afghanistan, is no longer buying the American equipment that the United States once encouraged it to acquire. Pakistan has instead turned to China for the vast majority of its military purchases. These connections have injected superpower politics into South Asia's longest-running and most intractable conflict. The United States has cultivated India as a partner in countering China, while Beijing has deepened its investment in its advocacy and patronage of Pakistan as India has grown closer to the United States. At the same time, relations between India and China have deteriorated in recent years over competing territorial claims, with clashes breaking out between the two militaries at times. And relations between the world's two biggest powers, the United States and China, have hit a nadir as President Trump has launched a trade war against Beijing. This combustible mix shows how complex and messy alliances have become as the post-World War II global order has fractured. The volatility is compounded by South Asia's history of frequent military confrontations, with armed forces on both sides that are prone to mistakes, increasing the risk that an escalation could get out of hand. "The U.S. is now central to India's security interests, while China increasingly plays a comparable role in Pakistan," said Ashley Tellis, a former diplomat who is a senior fellow at the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. As India now takes military action against Pakistan, it has had the United States on its side more forcefully than ever in recent years. Prime Minister Narendra Modi of India spoke with both Mr. Trump and Vice President JD Vance in the initial days after the April 22 terrorist attack in Kashmir. The strong backing voiced by Trump administration officials was seen by many officials in New Delhi as a green light for India's plan to retaliate against Pakistan, even if U.S. officials urged restraint.

of President Vladimir V. Putin of Russia as Mr. Modi took calls from more than a dozen world leaders in the days after the terrorist attack. The Russian foreign minister spoke with his Indian counterpart a week after the attack, and Mr. Modi and Mr. Putin finally spoke this week, officials said. For its part, China has led public support for Pakistan, describing it as an "ironclad friend and all-weather strategic cooperative partner." These trends could increasingly be reflected in military conflicts. "If you think about what a future conflict between India and Pakistan might look like, it would increasingly look like India fighting with U.S. and European platforms and Pakistan fighting with Chinese platforms," said Lyndsev Ford, a former senior U.S. defense official who is currently a senior fellow at the Observer Research Foundation America. "The close security partners of both countries have evolved significantly in the last decade.' Until recent years, Cold War calculations had shaped alliances in South Asia. India, even as it played a leading role in the nonaligned movement, grew close to the Soviet Union. Weapons and munitions from Moscow made up nearly two-thirds of India's military equipment. Pakistan, on the other hand, firmly allied itself with the United States, becoming its frontline partner in helping to defeat the Soviets in Afghanistan. In the 1980s, Pakistan's military leveraged that relationship to bolster its arsenal, including acquiring dozens of coveted F-16 fighter planes, which helped chip away at the air dominance that India had enjoyed. After the Cold War, both nations faced American sanctions for testing nuclear weapons in the 1990s. For over a decade, Pakistan was denied delivery of dozens of F-16s it had paid for.

But the country's fortunes changed again after Sept. 11, 2001, attacks on New York and the Pentagon, as it once again became a frontline partner to the United States, this time in the war on terrorism. Even as Pakistan was accused of playing a double game, harboring the Taliban's leaders on its soil while aiding the American military presence in Afghanistan, the U.S. military poured in tens of billions of dollars in military assistance. The United States became Pakistan's top supplier of weapons, with China remaining second. As Pakistan's importance to the United States has declined, it has turned to China, which has long offered an open embrace. Beijing, which was the source of only 38 percent of Pakistan's weapons in the mid-2000s, has provided about 80 percent over the past four years, according to the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute, which closely studies global weapons flows. At the same time, India has slashed its dependence on Russian weapons by more than half. Between 2006 and 2010, about 80 percent of India's major weapons came from Russia. Over the past four years, that figure has fallen to about 38 percent, with more than half of Indian imports coming from the United States and allies like France and Israel. The one area of exception for Pakistan's frost with the United States is the F-16 program. Pakistan has expanded its F-16 arsenal over the past two decades, and the Biden administration pushed through a contract worth nearly \$400 million for service and maintenance of the fighter jets. In 2019, Pakistan used an F-16 to down a Russian-made Indian jet. New Delhi protested that the action constituted a breach of the U.S. sales agreement with Pakistan, arguing that it allowed only for counterterrorism missions. Some American officials appeared to try to placate India by suggesting that they had admonished the Pakistanis. But U.S. diplomatic cables had long made clear that they knew Pakistan's intention in building its air force: for potential use in conflicts with India.

The 2019 clash — in which one of India's own helicopters was also shot down, killing half a dozen personnel — exposed the troubles of its military. In the years since, India has been pouring in billions of dollars to modernize its forces. As India now confronts Pakistan, a bigger threat, China, is not only watching but also aiding its adversary. For many American officials who observed the 2019 developments closely, the human errors made clear how the situation could escalate out of control. U.S. officials worry that with the hyper-nationalism in both India and Pakistan, where two well-stocked militaries operate in a tight air corridor and amid mutual suspicion, even the smallest of mistakes or exceeding of orders could lead to catastrophic escalations.

"A crisis where you have cross-border airstrikes and an aerial dogfight, like we saw in 2019, carries significant escalation risks," said Ms. Ford, the former U.S. defense official. "And that's all the more problematic when it involves two nuclear-armed neighbors." Salman Masood and Hari Kumar contributed reporting. Mujib Mashal is the South Asia bureau chief for The Times, helping to lead coverage of India and the diverse region around it, including Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal and Bhutan.

Una docena de soldados en uniforme de combate, muchos de ellos portando armas, deambulan por una pequeña calle que está llena de vehículos militares, uno de ellos que parece ser blindado. Fuerzas de seguridad indias en Wuyan, en el lado controlado por la India de Cachemira, el miércoles. India ha reducido drásticamente las compras de armas de baio costo de Rusia, su aliado de la era de la Guerra Fría Tauseef Mustafa/ Agence France-Presse - Getty Images La última vez que India y Pakistán se enfrentaron en una confrontación militar, en 2019, los funcionarios estadounidenses detectaron suficiente movimiento en los arsenales nucleares de ambas naciones como para alarmarse. El secretario de Estado Mike Pompeo se despertó en mitad de la noche. Usó el teléfono «para convencer a cada lado de que el otro no se estaba preparando para una guerra nuclear», escribió en sus memorias. Ese choque se enfrió rápidamente después de la escaramuza inicial. Pero seis años después. los dos rivales del sur de Asia están nuevamente involucrados en un conflicto militar después de un ataque terrorista mortal contra turistas en la Cachemira controlada por la India. Y esta vez hay un nuevo elemento de incertidumbre, ya que las alianzas militares más importantes de la región se han redefinido. Los patrones cambiantes en el flujo de armas ilustran las nuevas alianzas en este rincón particularmente volátil de Asia, donde tres potencias nucleares -India, Pakistán y China- se encuentran en una proximidad incómoda. De dónde India y Pakistán obtienen sus armas. Rusia solía ser el principal proveedor de armas de India... ...pero India ahora compra más a sus aliados occidentales. Pakistán ahora compra la mayor parte de sus armas a China... ...y mucho menos a países occidentales. India, un país tradicionalmente no alineado que ha superado su histórica reticencia hacia Estados Unidos, ha estado comprando miles de millones de dólares en equipos a Estados Unidos y otros proveedores occidentales. Al mismo tiempo, India ha reducido drásticamente las compras de armas de bajo costo a Rusia, su aliado de la Guerra Fría. Pakistán, cuya relevancia para Estados Unidos ha disminuido desde el final de la guerra en Afganistán, ya no compra el equipo estadounidense que Estados Unidos alguna vez lo alentó a adquirir. Pakistán, en cambio, ha recurrido a China para la gran mayoría de sus compras militares. Estas conexiones han inyectado política de superpotencia en el conflicto más prolongado e insoluble del sur de Asia. Estados Unidos ha cultivado a India como socio para contrarrestar a China, mientras que Pekín ha profundizado su inversión en su defensa y patrocinio de Pakistán a medida que India se ha acercado a Estados Unidos. Al mismo tiempo, las relaciones entre India y China se han deteriorado en los últimos años debido a reclamos territoriales en pugna, con enfrentamientos ocasionales entre los dos ejércitos. Y las relaciones entre las dos mayores potencias del mundo, Estados Unidos y China, han tocado fondo con el presidente Trump lanzando una guerra comercial contra Pekín. Esta mezcla explosiva muestra cuán complejas y desordenadas se han vuelto las alianzas a medida que se fracturaba el orden global posterior a la Segunda Guerra Mundial. La volatilidad se ve agravada por el historial de frecuentes enfrentamientos militares del sur de Asia, con fuerzas armadas de ambos bandos propensas a errores, lo que aumenta el riesgo de que una escalada se descontrole. "Estados Unidos es ahora fundamental para los intereses de seguridad de la India, mientras que China desempeña un

An indication of the changing dynamics was the conspicuous absence